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SECTION 1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identification used on label

Product identifier 3118

Details of the supplier of the safety

data sheet

TECTYL® 506EH WD Daubert Chemical Company 4700 S. Central Avenue Chicago, IL 60638

708-496-7350

Emergency telephone number Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses

advised against

Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 Corrosion Preventive Compound

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the chemical in accordance with paragraph (d) of §1910.1200;

GHS Hazard Symbols





GHS Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2

Classification Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2A

Flammable Liquid Category 3

Specific Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure Category 3

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Flammable liquid and vapor

Statements Causes skin irritation

Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Unclassified None Identified

Hazards (HNOC): Precautionary Statements

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. – No smoking.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

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Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Specific treatment: None known

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Use dry chemical, water fog, CO2, foam or sand/earth for extinction.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulation for hazardous wastes.

SECTION 3 Composition/information on ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS#	%	
Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum)	64742-47-8	30 - 50	
Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether	111-76-2	1 - 5	

Note: Specific chemical identities and/or exact percentages have been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Inhalation	If symptoms are experienced remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air and obtain medical advice.
Eyes	Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes retracting eyelids often. Tilt the head to prevent chemical from transferring to the uncontaminated eye. Get immediate medical attention.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting and seek medical attention immediately. Provide medical care provider with this SDS. If vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce risk of aspiration into lungs.

Most important See Section 11

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Treat symptomatically.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

evaluation.

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SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media:

Use alcohol resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, or water spray when fighting fires. Water or foam may cause frothing if liquid is burning but it still may be a useful extinguishing agent if carefully applied to the fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Fire and/or Explosion Hazards

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire. Vapors may be ignited by sparks, flames or other sources of ignition if material is above the flash point giving rise to a fire (Class B). Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back. Empty containers that retain product residue (liquid, solid/sludge, or vapor) can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose container to heat, flame, sparks, static electricity, or other sources of ignition. Any of these actions can potentially cause an explosion that may lead to injury or death.

Fire Fighting Methods and Protection

Do not enter fire area without proper protection including self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Fight fire from a safe distance and a protected location due to the potential of hazardous vapors and decomposition products. Use appropriate methods for the surrounding fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Oxides of carbon, Toxic fumes, Toxic gases, Aldehydes, Calcium oxides, Hydrocarbons, Silicon oxides

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Exposure to the spilled material may be irritating or harmful. Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in Section VIII of this SDS. Additional precautions may be necessary based on special circumstances created by the spill including; the material spilled, the quantity of the spill, the area in which the spill occurred. Also consider the expertise of employees in the area responding to the spill. Prevent the spread of any spill to minimize harm to human health and the environment if safe to do so. Wear complete and proper personal protective equipment following the recommendation of Section VIII at a minimum. Dike with suitable absorbent material like granulated clay. Gather and store in a sealed container pending a waste disposal

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contacting and avoid breathing the material. Use only in a well ventilated area. As with all chemicals, good industrial hygiene practices should be followed when handling this material. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get in eyes, on skin and clothing. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not use pressure to empty container. Follow all SDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because it may retain product residues

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Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities

Store in a cool dry place. Isolate from incompatible materials. Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Store in

tightly sealed original container.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents

SECTION 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

<u>Chemical Name</u> <u>ACGIH TLV</u> <u>ACGIH STEL</u> <u>OSHA PEL</u>

Hydrotreated light distillate (Petroleum) 200 mg/m3

Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether 20 ppm TWA 50 ppm TWA; 240 mg/m3 TWA

Engineering Measures Local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls are normally required when

handling or using this product to avoid overexposure. Engineering controls must be designed to meet the OSHA chemical specific standard in 29 CFR 1910. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits Explosion proof exhaust ventilation should

be used.

Respiratory Protection Proper ventilation (at a minimum) will be required when handling this product. Use

respirators (NIOSH approved) only if ventilation cannot be used to eliminate symptoms or reduce the exposure to below acceptable levels. Follow a respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements whenever work

place conditions warrant the use of a respirator.

Eye Protection Wear chemically resistant safety glasses with side shields when handling this product.

Wear additional eye protection such as chemical splash goggles and/or face shield when the possibility exists for eye contact with splashing or spraying liquid, or airborne

material. Do not wear contact lenses. Have an eye wash station available.

Skin Protection Wear protective gloves. Inspect gloves for chemical break-through and replace at

regular intervals. Clean protective equipment regularly. Wash hands and other exposed

areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking, and when leaving work.

Gloves Chemically resistant gloves

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties (Typical, not specification)

Physical State Liquid Color Amber

Odor Slight Solvent Odor
Odor Threshold No data available
pH No data available
Melting Point/freezing point, °C
Initial boiling point and boiling No data available

range, °C

Flash Point 105 °F(41 °C)
Evaporation Rate No data available
Flammability (Solid, Gas) No data available

No data available

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Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit, No data available

% in air

Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit,

% in air

Vapor Pressure 2 mmHg
Vapor Density >1 (Air=1)

Specific Gravity @ 25°C

Solubility in WaterNegligible; 0-1%Octanol/Water Partition CoefficientNo data availableAutoignition TemperatureNo data availableDecomposition TemperatureNo data availableViscosity140 cSt @ 40°C

Volatiles, % by weight 40 VOC, Material, lb/gal 3.15 VOC, Material, grams/liter 377.8

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity No data available

Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions. Hazardous polymerization

will not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoidContamination. Elevated temperatures.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of use & storage, decomposition and

hazardous decomposition products are unlikely.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Likely Routes of Entry Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact

Target Organs Potentially Affected by Exposure Central Nervous System, Respiratory Tract, Skin, Eyes,

Kidneys, Liver, Nervous System

Chemical Interactions That Change Toxicity

Madical Conditions Aggregated

Medical Conditions Aggravated

No chemical interaction known to affect toxicity.

Skin contact may aggravate existing skin disease, Respiratory

disease including asthma and bronchitis

Immediate (Acute) Health Effects by Route of Exposure

Inhalation Irritation Can cause moderate respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea and

headache. Other possible symptoms include; wheezing and coughing due to pulmonary

edema (fluid build-up in lungs).

Inhalation ToxicityNon-Toxic. Not known to cause systemic damage.Skin ContactCan cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and dermatitis.Skin AbsorptionNo absorption hazard expected in normal industrial use.

Eye Contact Can cause moderate irritation, tearing and reddening, but not likely to permanently injure

eve tissue.

Ingestion Irritation Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach. Can cause abdominal discomfort, nausea,

vomiting and diarrhea. Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical

pneumonitis which can be fatal.

Ingestion Toxicity Harmful if swallowed.

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Long-Term (Chronic) Health Effects

Carcinogenicity There are no carcinogenic ingredients present at or over 0.1%.

Inhalation Upon prolonged and/or repeated exposure, can cause severe respiratory irritation,

dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness.

Skin Contact Upon prolonged or repeated contact, can cause minor skin irritation, defatting, and

dermatitis.

Skin Absorption Upon prolonged or repeated exposure, no hazard in normal industrial use.

Ingestion Under normal industrial usage conditions, ingestion is highly unlikely.

Component Toxicology Data

Chemical Name CAS Number LD50/LC50

Hydrotreated light distillate 64742-47-8 Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

(Petroleum) Inhalation LC50 (4h) Rat > 20 mg/L

Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl ether 111-76-2 Dermal LD50 Rat 2000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat = 1300 mg/kg

Inhalation LC50 (1h) Guinea pig 3.1 mg/L

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Overview No ecological information available

MobilityNo dataPersistenceNo dataBioaccumulationNo dataDegradabilityNo data

Ecotoxicity Data

Chemical Name CAS Number Aquatic EC50 Aquatic ERC50 Aquatic LC50 Crustacea Algae **Fish** Ethylene glycol mono-n-butyl 111-76-2 EC50 (48 hr) EC50 (72 hr) LC50 (96 hr) Water flea > 1550 ether Green algae = 911Rainbow trout = 1474 mg/L mg/L mg/L

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste Description for Spent Product Spent or discarded material may be a hazardous waste.

Disposal Methods Dispose of by incineration following Federal, State, Local, or Provincial

regulations.

Waste Disposal Code(s) D001

SECTION 14 Transport information

Full shipping name for UN1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, N.O.S., (Naphtha Solvent), 3, PG III,

Export, Air, Sea (any quantity unless flash pt. >150°F) or vessels of 119 GL or more

Domestic Ground in vessels < Non-Regulated

119 gal.

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SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Status of formula components on selected national regulatory inventories:

LIST	STATUS
TSCA	All components in this product are on the TSCA Inventory or exempt.
Canadian DSL	All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the
	Canadian DSL.

Chemical Name	CAS#	Regulation	Percent
No CERCLA-listed chemicals in this		CERCLA	
product.			
Glycol ethers (N230)	111-76-2	SARA 313	1 - 5
No SARA 302 EHS-listed chemicals in		SARA EHS	
this product.			

SECTION 16 Other information

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Disclaimer Although the information contained herein is believed to be reliable, it is furnished without warranty

of any kind. This information is not intended to be all-inclusive as to the manner and conditions of

use, handling, and storage.

Version Reviewed

Comments Approved: M. Duncan